Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- (Original) A computer system comprising:
 - a plurality of microprocessors, each microprocessor having a cache;
 - a main memory array, a portion of the main memory array designated as a first-in/first-out (FIFO) buffer;
 - a first bridge device coupling the plurality of microprocessors and the main memory array, the first bridge device at least partially responsible for implementing a cache coherency protocol to keep the cache of each microprocessor and the main memory coherent;
 - a second bridge device coupled to the first bridge device by way of a primary expansion bus;
 - a hardware device coupled to the second bridge device by a secondary expansion bus, wherein the hardware device has a cache memory that duplicates a portion of the FIFO buffer, and wherein the hardware device cache memory is kept coherent by way of the cache coherency protocol.
- 2. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 1 further comprising:
 - at least one of the plurality of microprocessors executing a software stream; and
 - aaid software stream configured to pass bytes of information to the hardware device by only placing the bytes of information in the FIFO buffer.
- 3. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 2 further comprising said hardware device adapted to poll-polls the cache memory that

duplicates portions of the FIFO to check for availability of bytes of information from the software stream.

- 4. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein the FIFO buffer of the main memory array further comprises a set of continuously addressed memory locations.
- 5. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 4 wherein the FIFO buffer further comprises at least one cache line of memory locations.
- 6. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 5 wherein the cache line of memory locations is 128 bytes in length.
- 7. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein the first bridge device further comprises:
 - a first register identifying a beginning location of the FIFO buffer that is duplicated by the cache memory of the hardware device;
 - a second register identifying an end location of the FIFO buffer that is duplicated by the cache memory of the hardware device;
 - a destination register identifying a location of the hardware device; and wherein the first bridge logic, as part of the cache coherency protocol, compares transactions to addresses in main memory to the first register and the second register to determine if the transaction is directed to a memory location duplicated by the onboard cache memory of the hardware device.
- 8. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 7 wherein the cache coherency protocol further comprises a write-back invalidate cache protocol.
- 9. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 7 wherein the first register contains an address of a first memory location of the FIFO buffer.

- 10. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 9 wherein the second register contains an address of a last memory location of the FIFO buffer.
- 11. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 9 wherein the second register contains an offset representing the number of memory locations a last address of the FIFO buffer resides from the first memory address.
- 12. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein the second bridge device further comprises:
 - a first register identifying a first cached memory address;
 - a second register identifying a second cached memory address;
 - a third register identifying the hardware device;
 - wherein the first and second registers identify a series of continuous memory addresses of the main memory cached by the hardware device identified in the third register; and
 - wherein the second bridge device receives cache coherency protocol messages, compares addresses of the cache coherency protocol messages to the first and second registers, and forwards the messages to the device identified in the third register.
- 13. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 12 wherein the first register contains an address of a first memory location of the FIFO buffer.
- 14. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 13 wherein the second register contains an address of a last memory location of the FIFO buffer.
- 15. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 13 wherein the second register contains an offset representing the number of memory locations a last address of the FIFO buffer resides from the first memory address.

- 16. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein the hardware device coupled to the second bridge device by the secondary expansion bus further comprises a hardware device capable of bus-mastering the secondary expansion bus.
- 17. (Orlginal) The computer system as defined in claim 16 wherein the hardware device further comprises a network interface card.
- 18. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 17 wherein the network interface card further comprises a system area network interface card.
- 19. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 18 wherein the system area network interface card further comprises an Infini Band compatible interface card.
- 20. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 17 wherein the network interface card further comprises a storage area network interface card.
- 21. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 20 wherein the network interface card further comprises a Fibre Channel compatible interface card.
- 22. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 16 wherein the hardware device further comprises a graphics adapter.
- 23. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 16 wherein the hardware device further comprises an audio input/output card.
- 24. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 16 wherein the hardware device further comprises a mass storage device.

- 25. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 24 wherein the mass storage device further comprises a hard drive.
- 26. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 24 wherein the mass storage device further comprises a compact disk drive.
- 27. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein the cache memory that duplicates a portion of the FIFO memory in the hardware device further comprises a random access memory configured to operate as the cache memory.
- 28. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 1 wherein the cache memory that duplicates a portion of the FIFO memory in the hardware device further comprises a series of hardware registers.
- 29. (Currently amended) A method of notifying a hardware device in a semputer system that information from a software stream executed by a microprocessor is available in a main memory array first in/first-out (FIFO) buffer, the method-comprising:
 - allowing the <u>a</u> hardware device, <u>coupled to a microprocessor and main</u> <u>memory by way of a bridge device</u>, to participate in a coherency domain of the <u>a</u> computer system by the hardware device having a coherent cache memory duplicating a cache line of the <u>a</u> FIFO buffer of the <u>main memory</u>;
 - writing information to the cache line of the FIFO buffer by the <u>a</u> software stream; and
 - notifying the hardware device that the information is available in the FIFO buffer by invalidating the duplicate copy of the cache line of the FIFO buffer in the onboard cache memory of the hardware device.

30. (Currently amended) A method of notifying a hardware device in a computer system that information from a software stream executed by a microprocessor is available in a main memory array first-in/first-out (FIFO) buffer. the method comprising:

allowing the hardware device to participate in a coherency domain of the computer system by the hardware device having a coherent cache memory duplicating a cache line of the FIFO buffer:

writing information to the cache line of the FIFO buffer by the software stream, comprising:

The method as defined in claim 29 wherein writing information to the cache line of the FIFO buffer by the seftware stream further comprises:

requesting exclusive ownership of the cache line by a microprocessor executing the software stream;

granting exclusive ownership of the cache line to the microprocessor by a cache coherency system; and writing the cache line once exclusive ownership of the cache line is granted to the microprocessor;

notifying the hardware device that the information is available in the FIFO buffer by invalidating the duplicate copy of the cache line of the FIFO buffer in the onboard cache memory of the hardware device.

- 31. (Original) The method as defined in claim 30 wherein notifying the hardware device that the information is available in the FIFO buffer further comprises invalidating the duplicate copy of the cache line in the cache memory of the hardware device substantially simultaneously with the granting exclusive ownership step.
- 32. (Original) The method as defined in claim 31 wherein invalidating the duplicate copy of the cache line further comprises sending an invalidation message from the cache coherency system to the hardware device to invalidate the copy of the cache line in the cache memory of the hardware device.

- 33. (Original) The method as defined in claim 29 further comprising obtaining a copy of the cache line by the hardware device after receiving the invalidation command.
- 34. (Currently amended) A method of notifying a hardware device in a computer system that information from a software stream executed by a microprocessor is available in a main memory array first-in/first-out (FIFO) buffer, the method comprising:
 - allowing the hardware device to participate in a coherency domain of the computer system by the hardware device having a coherent cache memory duplicating a cache line of the FIFO buffer:
 - writing information to the cache line of the FIFO buffer by the software stream; and
 - potifying the hardware device that the information is available in the FIFO buffer by invalidating the duplicate copy of the cache line of the FIFO buffer in the onboard cache memory of the hardware device:
 - obtaining a copy of the cache line by the hardware device after receiving an invalidation command by:

The method as defined in claim 33 wherein obtaining a copy of the cache line by the hardware device further comprises:

- arbitrating by the hardware device for mastership of a secondary expansion bus; and
- reading the cache line of the FIFO buffer into the cache memory.
- 35. (Original) The method as defined in claim 29 further comprising transferring response information from the hardware device to the software stream by the hardware device writing the response information to a second first-in/first-out (FIFO) buffer in the main memory array.

- 36. (Currently amended) A method of notifying a hardware device in a computer system that information from a software stream executed by a microprocessor is available in a main memory array first-in/first-out (FIFO) buffer, the method comprising:
 - allowing the hardware device to participate in a coherency domain of the computer system by the hardware device having a coherent cache memory duplicating a cache line of the FIFO buffer:
 - writing information to the cache line of the FIFO buffer by the software stream; and
 - notifying the hardware device that the information is available in the FIFO buffer by invalidating the duplicate copy of the cache line of the FIFO buffer in the onboard cache memory of the hardware device. the notifying further comprising:
 - The method as defined in claim-29 wherein notifying the hardware devices that the information is available further comprises:

polling by the hardware device of the cache memory; and receiving notification that the information is available in the FIFO buffer based on the hardware device sensing that the cache line of the FIFO buffer in the cache is invalid.

37.-43. (Cancelled).

- 44. (Currently amended) A computer system comprising:
 - a microprocessor means for executing software programs, the microprocessor means for executing having a cache means;
 - a main memory means for providing program and data storage, a portion of the main memory means for providing program and data storage designated a buffer means for providing data exchange;
 - a first bridge means for <u>bridging coupling the microprocessor the means</u> for executing and the main memory means for providing program

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and data storage, the first bridge—means for bridging also for implementing at least a portion of a cache coherency protocol to keep the cache means and the main-memory-means program and data storage coherent;

- a second bridge—means for bridging that provides providing—protocol translation between a first communication—bus—means for communicating data and a second communication—bus—means for communicating data, the first communication—bus—means for communicating data coupling the first bridge means for bridging to the second bridge means for bridging; and
- a hardware device—means for providing hardware specific tasks, the hardware—device—means for providing hardware specific tasks coupled to the second bridge means for bridging by the second communication bus means, wherein the means for providing hardware specific tasks hardware—device means has an eache memory a means for duplicating a portion of the buffers means, and wherein the eache memory—means for duplicating a portion of the buffers means is kept coherent by way of the cache coherency protocol.
- 45. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 44 wherein the buffer means further comprises a first-in/first-out (FIFO) buffer.
- 46. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 44 wherein the FIFO buffer of the main memory means for providing program and data storage further comprises a set of continuously addressed memory locations in the main memory means for providing program and data storage.
- 47. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 46 wherein the FIFO buffer further comprises at least one cache line of memory locations.

- 48. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 47 wherein the cache line of memory locations is 2^N bytes in length, where N is an integer.
- 49. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 44 wherein the first bridge-means for bridging further comprises:
 - a first register-means for storing an indication of a beginning location of the buffer means that is duplicated in the cache means of the hardware device-means for providing hardware specific tasks;
 - a second register-means for storing an indication of an end location of the buffer means that is duplicated in the cache means of the hardware device-means for providing hardware specific tasks;
 - a third destination register means for storing an address identifying a location of the hardware device means for providing hardware specific tasks; and
 - wherein the first bridge-means for bridging, as part of the cache coherency protocol, compares transactions to addresses in the main memory means for providing program and data storage to the first register means for storing an Indication and the second register means for storing an indication to determine if the transaction is directed to a memory location cached by the hardware device—means for providing hardware specific tasks.
- 50. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 49 wherein the cache coherency protocol further comprises a write-back invalidate cache protocol.
- 51. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 49 wherein the first register-means for storing an indication contains an address of a first memory location of the buffer means.

- 52. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 51 wherein the second register means for storing an indication contains an address of a last memory location of the buffer means.
- 53. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 51 wherein the second register—means for storing an indication contains an offset representing the number of memory locations a last address of the buffer means resides from the first memory address.
- 54. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 44 wherein the second bridge-means for bridging further comprises:
 - a first register-means for storing a value identifying a first cached memory address:
 - a second register-means for storing a value identifying a second cached memory address;
 - a third register means <u>for storing a value</u> identifying the hardware device means <u>for providing hardware specific tasks</u>;
 - wherein the first and second register means for storing a value identify a series of continuous memory addresses of the main memory means for providing program and data storage duplicated by the hardware device means for providing hardware specific tasks; and
 - wherein the second bridge-means for bridging receives cache coherency protocol messages, compares addresses of the cache coherency protocol messages to the values in the first and second registers means for storing a value, and forwards the messages to the device identified in the third means for storing a value register—if the addresses fall within the values.
- 55. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 54 wherein the first register-means for storing a value contains an address of a first memory location of the buffer means.

- 56. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 55 wherein the second register means for storing a value contains an address of a last memory location of the buffer means.
- 57. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 55 wherein the second register means for storing a value contains an offset representing the number of memory locations a last address of the buffer means resides from the first memory address.
- 58. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 44 wherein the software stream executed by the microprocessor means for executing is configured to pass bytes of information to the hardware device means for providing hardware specific tasks by only by placing the bytes of information in the buffer means.
- 59. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 45 further comprising said hardware device means for providing hardware specific tasks adapted to polls the cache means that duplicates the portion of the buffer means to check for availability of bytes of Information from the software stream.
- 60. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 44 wherein the hardware-device-means for providing hardware specific tasks coupled to the second bridge-means for bridging by the second means for communicating further comprises a hardware device—is capable of bus-mastering the second communication bus-means for communicating.
- 61. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 60 wherein the hardware device means for providing hardware specific tasks further comprises a network interface card.

- 62. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 61 wherein the network interface card further comprises a system area network interface card.
- 63. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 62 wherein the system area network interface card further comprises an Infini Band compatible device.
- 64. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 61 wherein the network interface card further comprises a storage area network interface card.
- 65. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 64 wherein the storage area network interface card further comprises a Fibre Channel compatible device.
- 66. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 60 wherein the hardware means for providing hardware specific tasks device further comprises a graphics adapter.
- 67. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 60 wherein the means for providing hardware specific tasks hardware devise—further comprises an audio input/output card.
- 68. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 60 wherein the <u>means for providing hardware specific tasks hardware device</u> further comprises a mass storage device.
- 69. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 68 the mass storage device further comprises a hard drive.
- 70. (Original) The computer system as defined in claim 68 the mass storage device further comprises a compact disk drive.

- 71. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 44 wherein the cache memory means for duplicating a portion of the buffer means in the hardware device means for providing hardware specific tasks further comprises a random access memory configured to operate as a cache memory.
- 72. (Currently amended) The computer system as defined in claim 44 wherein the eache memory-means for duplicating a portion of the buffer means in the hardware device-means for providing hardware specific tasks further comprises a series of hardware registers configured to operate as a cache memory.
- 73. (New) A computer system comprising:
 - a microprocessor having a cache;
 - a main memory array, a portion of the main memory array designated as a first-in/first-out (FIFO) buffer;
 - a first bridge device coupled to the microprocessor by way of a first bus, and the first bridge device coupled to the main memory array by way of a second bus, the first bridge device at least partially responsible for implementing a cache coherency protocol to keep the cache of the microprocessor and the main memory coherent;
 - a hardware device coupled to the first bridge device by a primary expansion bus, wherein the hardware device has a cache memory that duplicates a portion of the FIFO buffer, and wherein the hardware device cache memory is kept coherent by way of the cache coherency protocol.
- 74. (New) The computer system as defined in claim 73 further comprising: wherein the microprocessor executes a software stream; and said software stream passes bytes of information to the hardware device only by placing the bytes of information in the FIFO buffer.

75. (New) The computer system as defined in claim 74 further comprising said hardware device polls the cache memory that duplicates portions of the FIFO to check for availability of bytes of information from the software stream.